The Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Page 3

- (currently amended) An <u>The</u> optical network as claimed in claim 1 <u>wherein said</u> optical reach of said base node is predetermined in a link engineering process the base node is within optical reach from at least one of the member nodes.
- 3. (currently amended) An The optical network as claimed in claim 1 wherein said the base node is within optical reach of said base node is determined by input parameters selected from a group comprising of: optical route distance; fiber type; hut spacing; amplifier gain; transmitter budget; receiver budget; photonic cross-connect attenuation; photonic cross-connect hop count; polarization mode dispersion; Raman amplifier characteristics; dispersion compensation module characteristics; and combination thereof, the plurality of member-nodes.
- (currently amended) An The optical network as claimed in claim 1 wherein said
 optical path is selected based on a number of optical-to-electrical conversions
 each of the plurality of member nodes is a base node for its own photonic sell.
- (currently amended) An The optical network as claimed in claim 4 wherein said number of optical-to-electrical conversions is minimal. comprising; a plurality of photonic cells, each cell-including a base node and a plurality of member nodes, each member node within optical reach from the base node.
- (currently amended) An <u>The</u> optical network as claimed in claim <u>1</u> [[5]] wherein said information of said photonic cells are distributed in a routing protocol, each photonic cell overlaps at least one node with at least two other photonic cells.
- (currently amended) An <u>The</u> optical network as claimed in claim 1 [[6]] wherein said information of said photonic cells are distributed in a routing protocol, each node in an overlap between two photonic cells includes optical regeneration.
- 8. (cancelled).
- 9. (cancelled).
- 10. (new) A method for determining an optical path through a network, comprising the steps of:
 - a) defining a photonic cell of a base node; said photonic cell of said base node comprising nodes within an optical reach of said base node in the network; and
 - b) routing said optical path based on information of said photonic cell.
- 11. (new) The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said optical reach of said base node is determined in a link engineering process.
- 12. (new) The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said optical reach of said base

The Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Page 4

node is determined by input parameters selected from a group comprising of: optical route distance; fiber type; hut spacing; amplifier gain; transmitter budget; receiver budget; photonic cross-connect attenuation; photonic cross-connect hop count; polarization mode dispersion; Raman amplifier characteristics; dispersion compensation module characteristics and combination thereof.

- 13. (new) The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein routing of said optical path is based on a number of optical-to-electrical conversions.
- 14. (new) The method as claimed in claim 13, wherein said number of optical-toelectrical conversions is minimal.
- 15. (new) The method as claimed in claim 10, further comprising the step of selecting said route through an electrical cross-connect of a second node in said network, said second node having both electrical cross-connect and photonic crossconnect.
- 16. (new) The method as claimed in claim 10, further comprising the step of forming a membership list of photonic cells based on the optical route.
- 17. (new) The method as claimed in claim 16, further comprising the step of locating an optical-to-electrical conversion node, said locating step comprising:
 - i) identifying a previous optical-to-electrical conversion node in said membership list;
 - ii) determining photonic cells of said previous optical-to-electrical conversion node; and
 - iii) determining the first node outside said photonic cells of said previous optical-to-electrical conversion node along said optical route as said optical-to-electrical conversion node.
- (new) The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said information of said photonic cells are stored in an centralized database;
- 19. (new) The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said information of said photonic cells are distributed in a routing protocol.
- 20. (new) A computer readable medium storing instructions or statements for use in the execution in a computer of a method for determining an optical path through a network, the method comprising steps of:
 - a) defining a photonic cell of said base node; said photonic cell of said base node comprising nodes within an optical reach of said base node in the network; and

The Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Page 5

- b) routing said optical path based on information of said photonic cell.
- 21. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 20, wherein said optical reach of said base node is determined in a link engineering process.
- 22. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 20, wherein said optical reach of said base node is determined by input parameters selected from a group comprising of: optical route distance; fiber type; hut spacing; amplifier gain; transmitter budget; receiver budget; photonic cross-connect attenuation; photonic cross-connect hop count; polarization mode dispersion; Raman amplifier characteristics; dispersion compensation module characteristics and combination thereof.
- 23. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 20, wherein routing of said optical path is based on a number of optical-to-electrical conversions.
- 24. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 23, wherein said number of optical-to-electrical conversions is minimal.
- 25. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 20, further comprising the step of selecting said route through an electrical cross-connect of a second node in said network, said second node having both electrical cross-connect and photonic cross-connect.
- 26. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 20, further comprising the step of forming a membership list of photonic cells based on the optical route.
- 27. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 26, further comprising the step of locating an optical-to-electrical conversion node, said locating step comprising:
 - iv) identifying a previous optical-to-electrical conversion node in said membership list;
 - v) determining photonic cells of said previous optical-to-electrical conversion node; and
 - vi) determining the first node outside said photonic cells of said previous optical-to-electrical conversion node along said optical route as said optical-to-electrical conversion node.
- 28. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 20, wherein said information of said photonic cells are stored in an centralized database;
- 29. (new) The computer readable medium as claimed in claim 20, wherein said information of said photonic cells are distributed in a routing protocol.